



Antimicrobial coated locks and levers.

Combat the growth of germs in high-traffic areas.

Commercial door applications experience high traffic every day. Schlage locking hardware can help you with an antimicrobial coating that can provide lasting protection to inhibit the growth of bacteria.



Schlage antimicrobial coated hardware helps inhibit the growth of bacteria.



The vast majority of bacteria are rendered harmless by the human immune system, but a few are responsible for infectious disease. The antimicrobial coating on Schlage lock hardware works to protect the hardware's surface by inhibiting the growth of bacteria, mold and mildew.

The coating is made using ionic silver (AG+), a single atom that is missing one orbital electron that interacts with the bonding sites on the microbe surface. The result is that silver ions surround bacterial cells, blockading food and respiration supplies and slowing bacterial growth.



ND-Series locks



HandKey reader*




L-Series locks

Available finishes vary by product: Satin Chrome (626/US26D) or Satin Stainless Steel (630/US32D)

* Antimicrobial embedded in platen surface

We have the right solution for every application.

- Healthcare – hospitals, clinics, skilled nursing facilities in areas ranging from public lobbies to patient and procedural rooms
- Education – K-12 buildings in areas ranging from classroom doors to gymnasium, office and maintenance area doors
- Food Service – from office buildings, to healthcare and education facilities with public entrances, private offices and storage area doors

 Look for this symbol in our product catalogs. It means you are getting the benefits of antimicrobial coating on Ingersoll Rand products.

Contact your local Safety and Security Consultant for more information or visit www.securitytechnologies.ingersollrand.com

Antimicrobial coatings are not a substitute for good hygiene and regular cleaning of the products. Ingersoll Rand makes no representations or guarantees, express or implied, as to the efficacy of the antimicrobial coating.

